

HOW THIS WOMAN FOUND HEALTH

Would not give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for All Rest of Medicine in the World.

Utica, Ohio.—"I suffered everything from a female weakness after baby came. I had numb spells and was dizzy, had black spots before my eyes, my back ached and I was so weak I could hardly stand up. My face was yellow, even my fingernails were colorless and I had displacement. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and now I am stout, well and healthy. I can do all my own work and can walk to town and back and not get tired. I would not give my Vegetable Compound for all the rest of the medicines in the world. I tried doctor's medicines and they did me no good."—Mrs. MARY EARLEWINE, R.F.D. No. 3, Utica, Ohio.

Another Case.
Nebo, Ill.—"I was bothered for ten years with female troubles and the doctors did not help me. I was so weak and nervous that I could not do my work and every month I had to spend a few days in bed. I read so many letters about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound curing female troubles that I got a bottle of it. It did me more good than anything else I ever took and now I have cured me. I feel better than I have for years and tell everybody what the Compound has done for me. I believe I would not be living to-day but for that."—Mrs. HETTIE GREENSTREET, Nebo, Illinois.

And some men are as anxious to break into type as others are to stay out.

ASK FOR ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE, the Antiseptic that enters your shoes. Relieves Corns, Bunions, Itching, Redness, Swelling, Blistering and Callous spots. Sold everywhere. Do not accept any substitute. Sample FREE. Address Allen & Unwin, Ltd., 6, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C. 4, ENGLAND.

More juice can be extracted from a lemon by heating it slightly than if it is squeezed when cold.

NO FAULT THERE.
"Blagg is no golden-mouthed speaker."
"Well, his dentist did his best to make him one."

Monotonous.
"Whatcha gonna do with that knife?"
"I'm gonna play I'm cuttin' you up."
"Aw, you always want to play doctor."

Very Many Like Him.
Sometimes children are more observant than they are credited with being. Little Rob's mother, for instance, was telling a visitor how "masterful" another neighbor was in his home life when Rob, unnoticed beside her, put in his little orator. "I don't think Mr. Tate is so awful bossy, mamma," he remarked suddenly. "Course he does a lot of talking, but he never makes Mrs. Tate do a thing she doesn't want. I've noticed that."

Absent-Minded? Oh, No!
Two absent-minded college professors were walking together on the street.
"Do you know," said one, "I must have a double. The other day a woman stopped me on the street and asked:
"Your name is Mr. Kennington, isn't it?"
"Well, well!" his friend replied, "and was it?"

Way With Most of Us.
Mayor Gaynor, at a dinner in New York, discussed the arguments of a very young and very cocksure lawyer.
"This young chap from the country," said the mayor, "would do well to follow—instead of trying to lead—older, wiser, and more experienced men than himself. But—
The mayor sighed whimsically.
"Heigho!" he said. "Some men never have any respect for gray hairs till after they've acquired a few of their own."

MEMORY IMPROVED.
Since Leaving Off Coffee.
Many persons suffer from poor memory who never suspect coffee has anything to do with it.
The drug—caffeine—in coffee, acts injuriously on the nerves and heart, causing imperfect circulation, too much blood in the brain at one time, too little in another part. This often causes a dullness which makes a good memory nearly impossible.
"I am nearly seventy years old and did not know that coffee was the cause of the stomach and heart trouble I suffered from for many years, until about four years ago," writes a Kansas woman.
"A kind neighbor induced me to quit coffee and try Postum. I had been suffering severely and was greatly reduced in flesh. After using Postum a little while I found myself improving. My heart beats became regular and now I seldom ever notice any symptoms of my old stomach and heart trouble at all. My nerves are steady and my memory decidedly better than while I was using coffee. I like the taste of Postum fully as well as coffee."
Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Write for booklet, "The Road to Wellville."
Postum comes in two forms. Regular (must be boiled). Instant Postum doesn't require boiling but is prepared instantly by stirring a level teaspoonful in an ordinary cup of hot water, which makes it right for most persons.
A big cup requires more and some people who like strong things put in a heaping spoonful and temper it with a large supply of cream.
Experiment until you know the amount that pleases your palate and have it served that way in the future. "There's a Reason" for Postum.

FRONTIER CELEBRATION.

Sioux City Plans on Three Big Days, July 2, 3, 4, at Interstate Fair Grounds.

Sioux City, Ia.—Beginning July 1, this city will be the Mecca of cowboys, cowgirls and Indians, because on July 2, 3, and 4, there will be held here a Frontier Days' Celebration and Indian Congress which will rival in proportions the famous Cheyenne roundups that drew to Wyoming special trains from New York City and from Washington.

The pick of material used in the Cheyenne exposition of cowboy sports has been contracted for by Sioux City business men. Some twenty carloads of bucking horses, fighting steers and the like will be brought here from Cheyenne. In addition hundreds of cowboys throughout the west have written to say they will attend the celebration and will compete for world championships in the roping and riding contests.

James C. Dahman, cowboy mayor of Omaha, will be one of the judges. Among the noted guests will be Red Cloud, once the most celebrated Indian warrior on the great plains.

Thousands of dollars in special purses are to be hung up for the competitions in which the wild westerners will participate. At least 100,000 visitors are expected to attend the show, and arrangements are being made to care for the guests.

Moving picture concerns of the east and south are now fighting for the right to take the exclusive pictures of the congress. This show is recognized as a world event, and has drawn to Cheyenne in former years such men as Theodore Roosevelt and William Howard Taft, both presidents at the time they viewed the shows.

The program each day follows:

Event No. 1. Indian Buck Race—One-half mile. First prize, \$15; second prize, \$10.

Event No. 2. Cowboys' Pony Race, One-half mile. First prize, \$100; second prize, \$50.

Event No. 3. Trick Riding—First prize, \$175; second prize, \$75. To be competed for every day for three days. The rider displaying the best horsemanship and best fancy feats to be declared winner. Each rider to furnish his own horse and outfit.

Event No. 4. Bucking Contest—First prize, \$325; second prize, \$125; third prize, \$50. Entrance fee, \$10. All those entering must ride during the first two days and the five riders receiving the highest percentage shall ride in the finals the third day. All riders shall ride any horse at any time selected by the judges.

Event No. 5. Cowboy Relay Race—One and one-half miles. Entrance fee \$25. First prize, \$350; second prize, \$150. Horses to be changed each half mile. Two helpers allowed each rider. Horses to be changed, but not saddles.

Event No. 6. Trick Riding—First prize, \$175; second prize, \$75. To be competed for every day for three days.

Event No. 7. Cowgirl Race—One-half mile. First prize, \$100; second prize, \$50. Professional race horses ineligible.

Event No. 8. Indian Squaw Race—One-half mile. First prize, \$15; second prize, \$10.

Event No. 9. Roping Contest—entrance fee \$10. First prize, \$325; second prize, \$125; third prize, \$50. Steers to have 60-foot start, to be roped and hog tied. Time to be taken from the time steer crosses 60-foot line until animal is down and three feet tied. At the end of third day committee will determine champion roper. Not more than two trials given each contestant.

Event No. 10. Wild Horse Race—One-half mile. First prize, \$100; second prize, \$50. Each rider will be allowed one helper. To have horse with halter or hackamore and blindfolded. After word is given to commence saddling, mount and ride half mile. Horses furnished by the committee.

Second Day, July 3.

Event No. 1. Cowboy Mounted Potato Race—First prize, \$15; second prize, \$10.

Event No. 2. Cowboys' Pony Race—One-half mile. First prize, \$100; second prize, \$50.

Event No. 3. Second day preliminaries of trick riding.

Event No. 4. Trick riding contest.

Event No. 5. Cowgirl Mounted Nightshirt Race—First prize, \$15; second prize, \$10.

Event No. 6. Second day preliminaries of trick roping.

Event No. 7. Cowgirl Race—One-half mile. First prize, \$100; second prize, \$50. Professional race horses ineligible.

Event No. 8. Indian Squaw Race—One-half mile. First prize, \$15; second prize, \$10.

Event No. 9. Second day preliminary of roping contest.

Event No. 10. Cowgirl Relay Race—Three miles, one and one-half miles each day. Will commence the second day and continue two days. Each rider will be allowed three horses and two helpers. To change horses each half mile, but not to change saddles. Girl winning the most heats will be the winner. First prize, \$325; second prize, \$125; third prize, \$50.

Third Day, July 4.

Event No. 1. Finals of Trick Riding Contest—Purse, \$250.

Event No. 2. Finals of Bucking Contest—Purse, \$500.

Event No. 3. Finals of Trick Roping Contest—Purse, \$250.

Event No. 4. Finals of Roping Contest—Purse, \$500.

Event No. 5. Finals of Cowgirl Relay Race—Purse, \$500.

Event No. 6. Cowgirl Relay Race, Continued—First prize, \$325; second prize, \$125; third prize, \$50.

Home Town Helps

GERMAN METHOD HAS WORTH

Heads of Cities of the Empire Chose as Would Be Heads of Business Institutions.

The German cities have been able to get their huge municipal investments intelligently and honestly expended because they have treated municipal government as a profession, and not in the American fashion as a cross between an exciting sport and a scramble for the spoils of office. Many of the German cities and the imperial government as well, have entered upon the policy of populating the public treasures a portion of land value increase, and it apparently is their purpose to extend this policy until it covers all or nearly all of such increment socially created.

Most public improvements, not of a revenue producing character, have been paid for by assessing a share of the cost against abutting property and from the surplus earning of the revenue producing public services.

German cities are large borrowers, but the money they borrow is always put to work and is made to pay dividends to the city in the form of earnings from public utilities—utilities which in American cities pour profits into the pockets of private owners. Thus the city of Bremen has not hesitated to impose, in addition to an already large public debt, a bond tax amounting to \$12 for each inhabitant to enlarge and improve its harbor. Bremen, like Hamburg, owns its docks and water front and receives from this source a revenue which in a few years will pay off the huge debts incurred to make that city a port of world commerce.—Exchange.

LAWN MUST HAVE SHRUBBERY

Selection is a Wide One, But Some Sort There Must Be to Produce Desired Good Effect.

Well placed shrubbery is to the home lawn as leaves are to a tree. The size and shape of the lawn will determine the kind of shrubbery to be planted, and where. The commonest kinds are: Snowball, bush honeysuckle, bridal lilacs. Rather than plant shrubs gathered in the woods, plant the best that can be had from the local nursery. This applies to any plant.

Shrubs should be planted in either spring or fall, preferably in spring, when there is no growth. The soil should be medium, rich, well drained, relatively deep and well prepared before planting the perennials. They should be planted just deep enough to cover the roots, which must be in contact with the soil particles. Tramp the ground down solidly around the plant. Do not plant when the soil is sticky.

The amount of pruning on shrubbery is small, for the best effect is obtained when it is allowed to take its natural growth. All dead and dying parts should be cut out. The larger kinds of plants may be pruned to get symmetry. And superfluous suckers should be eliminated.

To maintain a healthy shrub some form of soil enrichers must be put around the plant each fall and spring. If the plant is a tender one the stalk may be wrapped in heavy paper or straw to keep it from freezing.—University Missouriian.

Nasturtiums for Bare Spots.

Plant nasturtiums wherever there is a bare spot in your garden; plant them wherever you think there is going to be a bare spot. They are among the most easily grown of flowers; and the showy blossoms, which flower until frost, can be used for cut flowers for the house all through the summer.

One gardener always plants nasturtiums about her hollyhocks. When she cuts down the stalks of the hollyhocks after the flowers have passed by—a practice, by the way, which keeps the plants strong and the flowers big—the nasturtiums are just ready to demand every inch of ground in sight; for after they pass their babyhood nasturtium plants are very greedy of room—in a few weeks more they begin to bloom and cover what would otherwise be bare spots in the garden with rioting color.

Another gardener plants nasturtium seeds among the bulbs in her hardy border. She does not remove the bulbs, but after the foliage of the bulbs turns sear and yellow she cuts it. Just about that time the nasturtiums are well under way and they quickly cover the bulbs with a carpet of color and bloom.

Alaska's Floating Court.

Not many people are aware that the United States has a floating court which is used in Alaska and which dispenses justice there. Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo has issued instructions to the commander of the revenue cutter Thetis to be prepared to report at Valdez July 13, to take aboard Judge Overfield of the federal district of Alaska, together with his court officials. The Thetis will touch at many ports in which the court will hear and adjudge both civil and criminal cases. Since the "floating fort" was introduced, statistics show that crime in the far northern possessions of the United States has materially decreased.

Whistler Fond of a Joke.

Sir E. J. Poynter says of Whistler, with whom he was associated in early life in Paris, that "Whistler rarely finished any work, but he loved to pretend, just for fun, that his unfinished studies were perfect works of genius. Then he would chuckle when people took him at his word." Whistler's joking propensities all through his life make the statement seem plausible. Menepes tells of his purchasing china at a cheap shop and then cajoling aristocratic visitors into admiring it as the rarest porcelain.

CAMP FIRE STORIES



STIRRING SIGHT ON POTOMAC

Pen Picture by Private of Dull Days Before Early Woke Up Washington in July, 1864.

Some time in June, 1864, we came up from New Orleans, and went into a fort on a hill back of Alexandria, Va. There is a low range of hills there that extends up and down, overlooking the Potomac river. On this elevation a chain of forts had been built some time before, about two miles or so apart, but at this time there were only a few soldiers in them. For some miles toward Manassas the country is rolling, with here and there a deep ravine and fine woods and nice streams of water.

Alexandria was an old, sleepy town, the wheels of progress were stopped, and one would think the war was over to see the farmers coming in with their butter and eggs to exchange for goods. There is a valley and quite a large brook running through it that empties into the river on one side of the town. A little way up was an old gristmill with a large overshoot wheel, writes Oscar Pelton, of Portland, Ore., in the National Tribune. Some blockhouses were being built along the roads going up the valley. Over in Washington everything was quiet. The sidewalks would be crowded some days with one-legged and one-armed soldiers hobbling along with a sprinkling of officers and men with tanned faces and shabby uniforms that would tell you at a glance that they had seen hard service at the front. Everyone felt safe, no danger, and many were going to the theater and having a good time. It was the calm before the storm.

On July 1 we had been drilling on the big guns and having target practice for some days. At night a great squad would be sent out over different roads leading out of Alexandria, and men were sent with dispatches at midnight from one fort to the other all along Arlington Heights.

It was thought that Mosby might make us a visit. I think it was about July 10 or 11. A lot of us had been out on the road leading back toward Manassas all night and were coming in in the morning. It was very hot weather. We got in the fort at 9 or 10 a. m. We had coffee and a lunch. It was so hot that a few of us went out under some trees. We had a fine view of the river for ten miles.

"What's up?" we asked. "There isn't a boat to be seen on the river this morning." We all looked. "It never has been that way since we have been here."

Below Alexandria the river bends around, so boats coming up would seem to come out from behind the timber to us. As we were sitting under the trees later we happened to look down, and saw a great fleet of transports coming out from behind the timber.

It was no time before they were nearly up to Alexandria, and still they kept coming out from behind the timber. We all jumped to our feet, and one said: "What's up?"
All the garrison came out to watch. It seemed that every boat was trying to see which would reach Washington first. They were now passing Alexandria. We would see by the foam dashing out from behind the great sidewheel transports that every pound of steam was crowded on. The last boats were passing us, and they filled up the river for nearly ten miles, and their decks were crowded with soldiers. The music struck up on some of the transports, and there never will be such a grand sight on the old Potomac again. A dispatch bearer came to the fort, and reported that there was a large Confederate army before Washington, and 40,000 were being brought from the Army of the Potomac to reinforce the forts north of the city.

We had heard cannonading, but thought it target practice, but the old private was not supposed to know anything, anyway.

On Quarterdeck of Mule.

On the capture of Morris Island the whole mass of men was thoroughly pervaded by that feeling of hilarity that follows a quickly successful engagement—soldiers and sailors shouting, singing, happy.

A bronzed bigjacket had captured a mule, and without difficulty mounted. He perched himself near the animal's tail, the mule objecting in every known way of a mule and in some ways until then unthought of.

"Jack, sit more amidships," said Hardy, the first engineer of the Weehawken, "and you will ride easier."

"And it is a pity if I can't stay on the quarterdeck."

Been and All.
While the Army of the Cumberland was on the march from Bridgeport, Ala., to Louisville, Ky., one brigade was commanded by Colonel Willich of the Thirty-second Indiana. He had been an officer in the German army. One day a planter came to camp and complained that the boys had taken all of his honey. The colonel asked him if the boys had taken his bees.

"Oh, no," said he.

"Oh, well," said the colonel, "dot is noodings den; in de old country ve take pees and all."

Narrow Escape.
"See there!" exclaimed the returned Irish soldier to the gaping crowd, as he exhibited with some pride his tall hat with a bullet hole in it. "Look at that hole, will yez? Ye see, if it had been a low-crowned hat I should have been killed outright."

Federal Aid.
Mantell—"I had no idea that Banks was worth more than ten millions." Dunlop—"He wasn't till the government dissolved his trust."

THE LURE OF THE WEST

WESTERN CANADA ATTRACTS THOUSANDS OF SETTLERS.

Writing on the Canadian West, an eastern exchange truthfully says: "The West still calls with imperative voice. To prairie and mountain, and for the Pacific Coast, Ontario's young men and women are attracted by tens of thousands yearly. The great migration has put an end to the fear, freely expressed not many years ago by those who knew the West from the lakes to the farther coast of Vancouver Island, that Canada would someday break in two because of the predominance of Continental European and American settlers in the West."

This is true. While the immigration from the United States is large, running close to 150,000 a year, that of the British Isles and Continental Europe nearly twice that number, making a total of 400,000 per year, there is a strong influx from Eastern Canada. It is not only into the prairie provinces that these people go, but many of them continue westward, the glory of British Columbia's great trees and great mountains, the excellent agricultural valleys, where can be grown almost all kinds of agriculture and where fruit has already achieved prominence. Then the vast expanse of the plains attract hundreds of thousands, who at once set to work to cultivate their vast holdings. There is still room, and great opportunity in the West. The work of man's hands, even in the cities with their record-breaking building rush, is the smallest part of the great panorama that is spread before the eye on a journey through the country. Nature is still supreme, and man is still the divine pigmy audaciously seeking to impose his will and stamp his mark upon an unconquered half continent.

The feature that most commends itself in Western development today is the "home-making spirit." The West will find happiness in planting trees and making gardens and building schools and colleges, and universities, and producing a home environment so that there will be no disposition to regard the country as a temporary place of abode in which every one is trying to make his pile preparing to go back East or becoming a lotus-eater beside the Pacific.

The lure of the West is strong. It will be still stronger when the crude new towns and villages of the plains are embowered in trees and vocal with the song of birds.—Advertisement.

Tanbark as a Fuel.

Perhaps the most important of waste fuels in the United States has been spent tanbark. A rough estimate would indicate that this material generated a few years ago an amount of steam that would have otherwise required the yearly consumption of about 2,000,000 tons of high grade coal. Yet this valuable fuel was at one time considered a mere detriment and an expense to the leather industry. It was disposed of by dumping it into rivers, filling in waste ground and by making roads with it, often necessitating the paying out of large sums for its disposition. This strikingly illustrates a case of how the improvement of a furnace converted a hitherto supposed combustible into a valuable waste fuel of the auto-combustible class, and shows how an enormous waste was converted into an equally great economy.—Engineering Magazine.

HAIR CAME OUT IN BUNCHES

813 E. Second St., Muncie, Ind.—"My little girl had a bad breaking out on the scalp. It was little white lumps. The pimples would break out as large as a common pinhead all over her head. They would break and run yellow matter. She suffered nearly a year with itching and burning. It was sore and itched all the time. The matter that ran from her head was very thick. I did not comb her hair very often, her head was too sore to comb it, and when I did comb, it came out in bunches. Some nights her head itched so bad she could not sleep.
"I tried several different soaps and ointments, also patent medicine, but nothing could get to stop it. I began using Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment this summer after I sent for the free samples. I used them and they did so much good I bought a cake of Cuticura Soap and some Cuticura Ointment. I washed her head with Cuticura Soap and rubbed the Cuticura Ointment in the scalp every two weeks. A week after I had washed her head three times you could not tell she ever had a breaking out on her head. Cuticura Soap and Ointment also made the hair grow beautifully." (Signed) Mrs. Emma Patterson, Dec. 22, 1911.
Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."

The Verdict.

A Chicago politician invited his cousin from the old country and had him appointed a smoke inspector. This was in the old days. He was turned loose to inspect without any instructions, whatever, and this is the report he rendered at the end of the first month:
"I certify that I have inspected the smoke of this city for the thirty days past. I find plenty of smoke and apparently of good quality. Respectfully submitted."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* in Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

It Depends.
"Don't you adore the voices of the night?"
"Not if the baby has the colic."

A woman can make pie out of almost any old thing.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10¢ package colors all fabrics. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any goods without rinsing apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DYE & CHEMICAL COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.



Drink Coca-Cola

A welcome addition to any party—any time—any place.
Sparkling with life and wholesomeness.

Delicious Refreshing Thirst-Quenching

Demand the Genuine—Refuse Substitutes.

At Soda Fountains or Carbonated in Bottles.

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

FUNERAL HONORS FOR A MARE

Trotter Destroyed in Fire is Given Obsequies in Keeping With Affectionate Regard of Owner.

Betty Green, a trotting mare destroyed in a fire at Belleville, Ill., was given funeral honors in keeping with her record of 2:10 and with the affectionate regard of her owner, William L. Relchert. The body was drawn to the grave on the Walnut Grove stock farm, by six blooded youngsters, and was lowered by stable boys. The coffin was rose lined. Mr. Relchert pronounced a eulogy after recounting the mare's track achievements.

Perhaps Betty Green's terrible form of death aroused Mr. Relchert's sympathies the more keenly, but the intense love of a great race horse by an owner is a primary sentiment. Maud S. had more friends than any horse in history, being approachable, inquisitive and fond of contact with the many whom Robert Bonner delighted in taking to her paddock.

James R. Keene mourned Sysonby as he would one of his family. This superb runner had the admiration of the east without the popularity of Maud S., a trotter and a record breaker in times when trotting was the consuming passion. Mr. Keene, who never bet on the races, was to have Sysonby's remains preserved, but his only monument is his unique position among American thoroughbreds.

THE WRETCHEDNESS OF CONSTIPATION

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.



DAISY FLY KILLER

Kills all flies, gnats, mosquitoes, etc. in a few days. No harm to man or animal. Guaranteed effective. All dealers sell. Price 25¢ per box. Write for 25¢ sample box. Address: H. B. HARRIS, 120 Duane St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER

Relieves all eye troubles. Write for 25¢ sample box. Address: JOHN L. THOMPSON & CO., Troy, N. Y.

The Best Beverage under the Sun—

Drink Coca-Cola

A welcome addition to any party—any time—any place.
Sparkling with life and wholesomeness.

Delicious Refreshing Thirst-Quenching

Demand the Genuine—Refuse Substitutes.

At Soda Fountains or Carbonated in Bottles.

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

CANADA'S OFFERING TO THE SETTLER

THE AMERICAN RUSH TO WESTERN CANADA IS INCREASING

60 ACRES FREE

ARMY OF WESTERN CANADA

Free Homesteads in the new Districts of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia. There are thousands of free homesteads to be had. Write for particulars. Free booklet. Address: THE CANADIAN GOVERNMENT AGENTS, 1100 GUYTON ST., OTTAWA, CANADA.

SPECIAL TO WOMEN

Do you realize the fact that thousands of women are now using

Paxtine

A Soluble Antiseptic Powder

as a remedy for mucous membrane affections, such as sore throat, nasal or pelvic catarrh, inflammation or ulceration, caused by female ill? Women who have been cured say "it is worth its weight in gold." Dissolve in water and apply locally. For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women.

For all hygienic and toilet uses it has no equal. Only 60¢ a large box at Drugists or sent postpaid on receipt of price. The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

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W. N. U., SIOUX CITY, NO. 23-1913.

Sioux City Directory

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